How do we revise for GCSE History?



Three common revision techniques that are **LEAST** effective

in helping you revise are:

- Highlighting texts
- Re-reading
- Summarising text







Whilst these methods may feel like you are revising, there are many better methods to help you revise.

<u>Flashcards</u>

Simply create with questions on side and answers on the other side. You can colour code for specific topics and guiz yourself or others.



Using Flashcards

Using the Leitner Method, using the video below https://youtu.be/C20EvKtdJwQ



You can also create excellent flashcards online or on your phone using Quizlet which also had an app.

Quizlet

Post its can be also useful for key words and timelines

How to use in history

There are a variety of ways to use flashcards in revision for the skills you need

Key Terms Create for key words and terms



Causation Create for the causes of events or progress



Judgments Create an agree or

disagree argument against a quote



Narrative

Create to show a narrative of events in order



Retrieval Practice

Testing what you know is a powerful tool in revision, the effort to remember something really strengthens your memory

Apps such as Memrise and Quizlet allow you to use or create your own quizzes based on topics.

Create them, test yourself or get someone to test you, it's works!

There are a number of types you can create:

- Multiple Choice Questions
- True or False
- Short Explanation Questions
- · Odd One Out
- · If this is the answer then what is the question

Sequential Thinking Model

How to use in history

Test on old and new topics mixed up

Spaced

Knowledge Organisers Use to create 'must know' quizzes for a topic

Factors/Causes/Consequences

Venn Diagram

To identify 2-3 factors, causes of an event/person e.g. The rising against Tostig

Examples 'Give two examples of.....'

Sequential Thinking Model

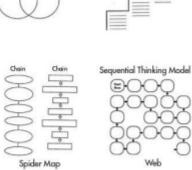
Transform It

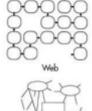
Graphic organisers are a great way of 'transforming' your notes/information into visual revision topics.

They can be used to create links, show a narrative, identify the causes/consequences and importance of something.

How to use in history

- 1. Causation Create a visual flow diagram of the chronological events in a time period e.g. American West
- 2. Change and Continuity Create a Venn diagram to show what changed and did not in medical time period
- Concept Mapping At the end of a week, mind map all you can remember about a topic and link area together. Then add to your mind map using a different colour using notes

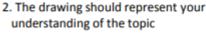






How to:

1.Use simple drawings with matching simple descriptions



3.Try to draw links between images

Dual Coding

Dual coding' is the method of putting your knowledge into visual form alongside words. It increases the chances of you remembering it.



Deliberate Practice

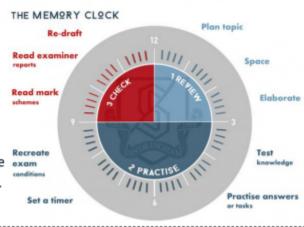
Set aside time to practice improving your knowledge or historical skills. Choose what you need to do, it must be tough enough to challenge you, and practice, practice, practice!

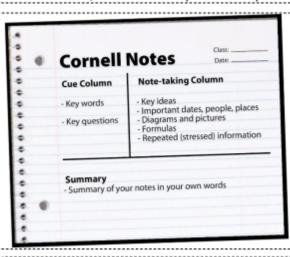
You should focus on something that you are almost able to do but not just yet!

How to use in history

- 1.Use a model answer from the teacher, pull it apart and identify the key parts. Then answer a similar question and try to replicate
- Study material, complete practice questions in timed conditions. Then use your notes to correct / improve your answer.

A week later, redo a similar question. Repeat as necessary.





The Cornell Method

This method can be used in your revision books as a great method to get you to 'think' about your revision. Simply split your page into 3 sections as shown on the diagram on the left:

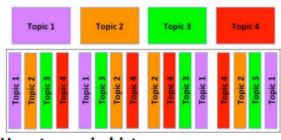


- Note Taking
- Cues
- Summary

How to use in history

Use it to summarise a whole topic or theme, for example

How did medical treatment change or continue over time?



Interleaving and Spacing

Don't revise your all topics in one go (cramming), you should revise 'chunks' of a topic for small amounts of time (15 minutes) and then move onto another 'chunk' from a different topic.

This will improve your memory!

How to use in history

- Create a revision plan to cover topics you need to cover (least confident first!) and then go back over them again later. Spread our your learning in small sections, 5 hours to 5 x 1 hour
- Use your flashcards to self test yourself on old and new topics, self testing across these



The Big Picture

The best way to aid your understanding of history is to make sure you are confident with the big 'overview' story before you begin revising individual topics.



How to use in history

- 1.Create a timeline to identify the key events in a topic and colour code the themes.
- Mapping out what you can remember about a topic before you start, e.g. The treatment of disease through time or the Weimar Republic 1919-1929

The basics

Simply, make sure you eat, sleep and take time out!





Limit distractions

Find a nice space to revise in

The more you put in the more you get out!



revision planner







Revise, Repeat, Set an alarm and Remember start early!